



CRIRES+ at the Very Large Telescope

- what to expect?

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the CRIRES+ consortium

- University of Göttingen
- * INAF Arcetri
- * Tautenburg observatory
- * Uppsala University
- * European Southern Observatory

Useful CRIRES+ resources

- User manual: http://www.eso.org/sci/facilities/paranal/instruments/crires/doc.html
- CRIRES+ page at ESO: http://www.eso.org/sci/facilities/paranal/instruments/crires.html
- Exposure time calculator: https://etc.eso.org/observing/etc/crires
- ESO Call for Proposals: https://www.eso.org/sci/observing/phase1/proposals.html
- ESO Phase 1 tool: https://www.eso.org/p1
- GTO protected targets: https://www.eso.org/sci/observing/teles-alloc/gto.html
- Overheads: https://www.eso.org/sci/facilities/paranal/cfp/overheads.html.html#UT3
- astroquery.eso: https://astroquery.readthedocs.io/en/latest/eso/eso.html
- ESO science archive: http://archive.eso.org/cms.html

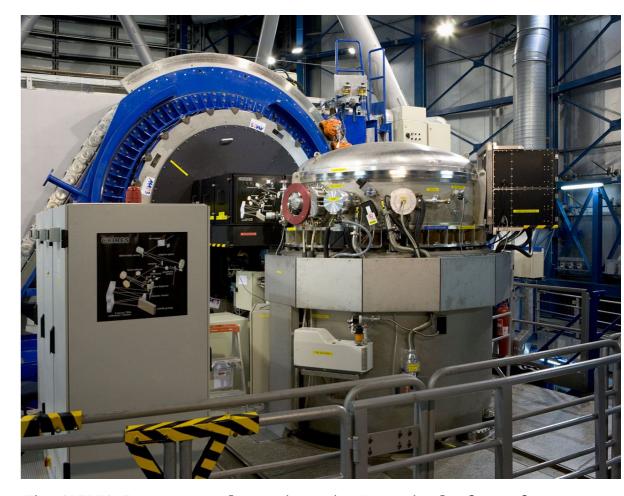
Slides available at: aalex.is/presentations

oCRIRES

Old CRIRES (oCRIRES) in a nutshell:

- high-resolution (*R* ~ 10⁵) near-IR spectrograph
- located at Nasmyth focus of 8-m VLT UT 1
- adaptive optics fed
- wavelength range from ~950 to ~5200 nm
- single-order spectrograph
- long 40 arcseconds slit

More info in the CRIRES paper: Kaufl et al. 2004



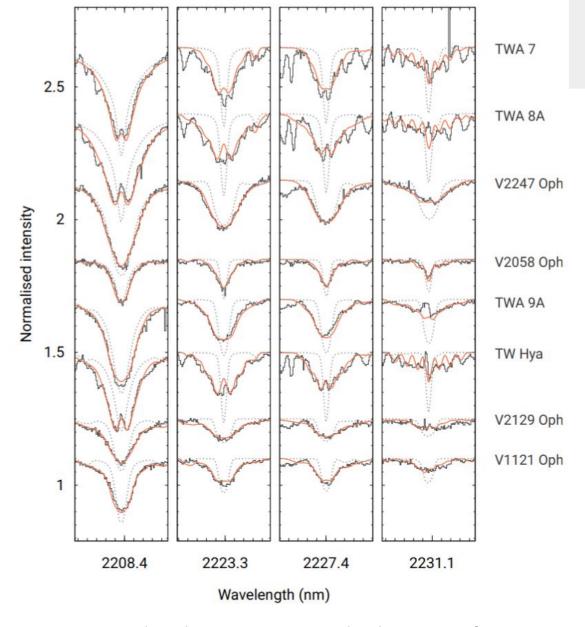
↑ The CRIRES Instrument, located on the Nasmyth-platform of VLT Unit Telescope 1, Antu. Credit: <u>ESO</u>

oCRIRES

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Zeeman broadening in CRIRES K-band spectra of T Tauri stars. From <u>Lavail et al. 2019</u>



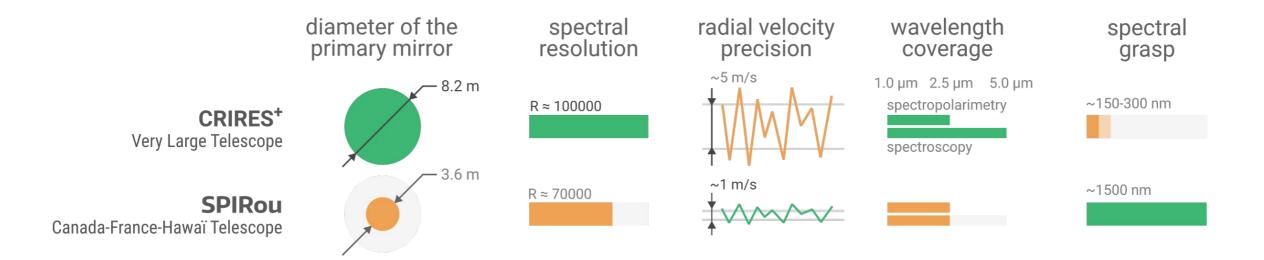
CRIRES+

New CRIRES+ in a nutshell:

- high-resolution ($R \sim 10^5$) near-IR **spectropolarimeter**
- located at Nasmyth focus of 8-m VLT UT 3
- Adaptive optics fed
- wavelength range ~950 → ~5200 nm (spectroscopy) | ~950 → 2500 nm (polarimetry)
- Cross-dispersed spectrograph: larger spectral grasp
- 10 arcseconds slit

CRIRES+ and SPIRou

CRIRES+ complements existing instruments such as SPIRou.



CRIRES+

Improvements from the upgrade

- Increased throughput (most mirrors replaced)
- Better calibration capabilities (new RV gas cells, Une lamp, Fabry-Perot étalon, metrology)
- Powerful DRS rewritten entirely, based on REDUCE (Piskunov et al. 2021)
- Larger spectral grasp (new detector array, cross-dispersed design)
- Spectropolarimetry (Stokes *IQUV*) in YJHK bands

slide nº8

CRIRES+ current status

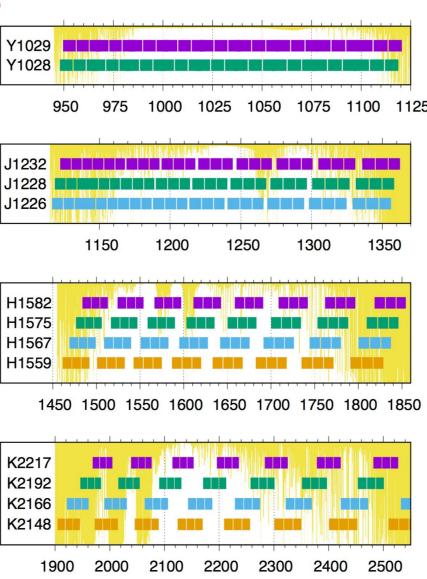
- 2 commissioning runs done
- 2 more commissioning runs in May and August 2021
 - spectropolarimetry performance
 - observing modes (offset, extended objects etc ...)
 - RV performance: ~5 m/s is expected, to be demonstrated
- Science verification tentatively in August, with CfP tentatively early May
- CRIRES+ offered in ESO Period 108: Oct 2021 → Mar 2022 in limited mode
- CRIRES+ normally offered in full swing in P109 (including polarimetry)

→ Wavelength coverage of all standard wavelength settings. From the <u>CRIRES+ user manual</u> (Fig. 31). Hi-res figure available at this link.

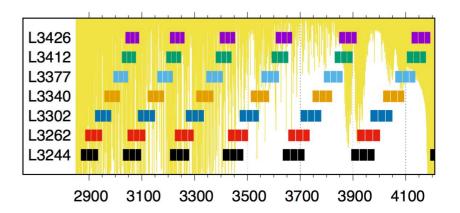
[TIPS]

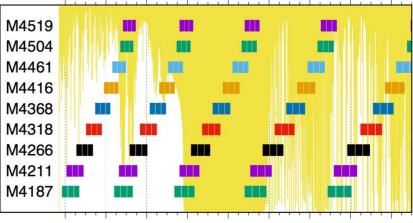
Make sure lines of interest are covered in the wavelength setting you choose.
Use the ETC.

This you can start doing now, wavelength settings should not change.



wavelength [nm]





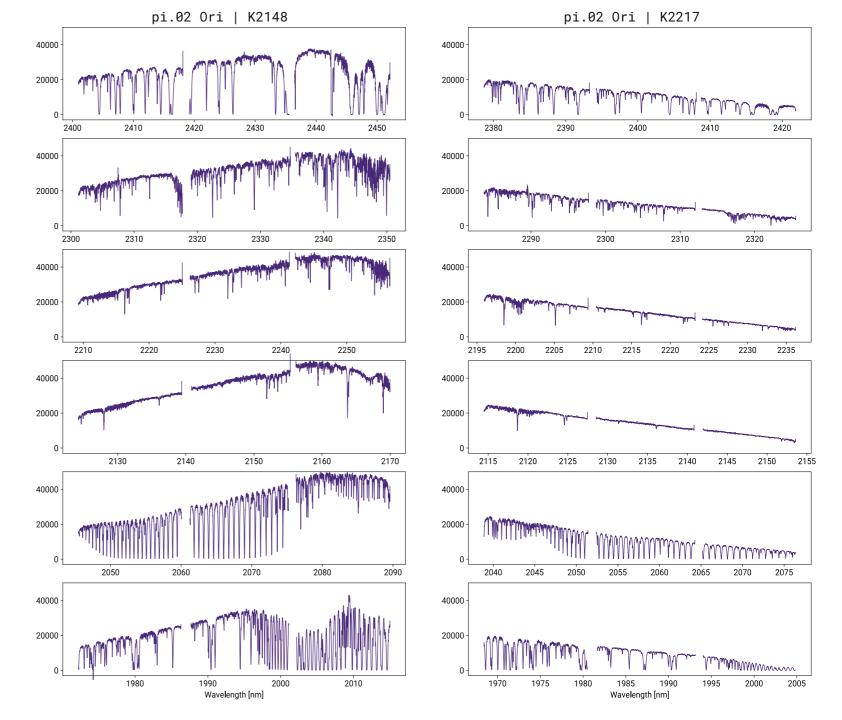
3600 3800 4000 4200 4400 4600 4800 5000 5200 wavelength [nm]

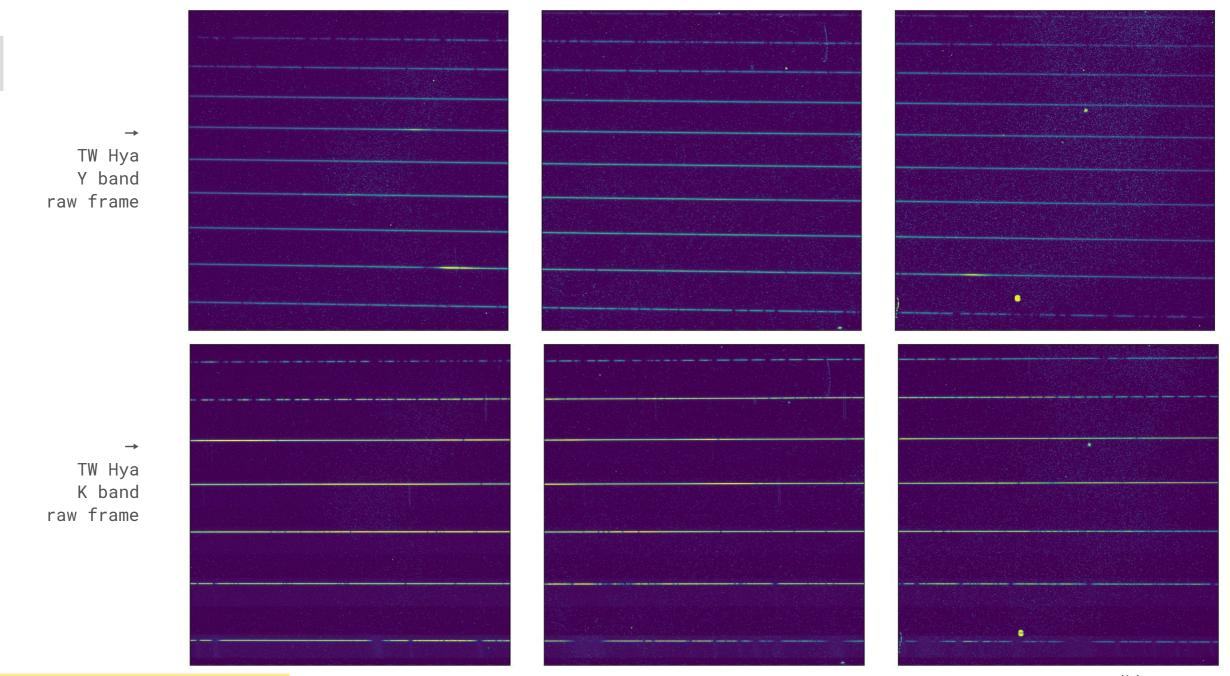
 \rightarrow Extracted spectra of Pi.02 Ori in two wavelength settings: K2148 and K2217

[TIPS]

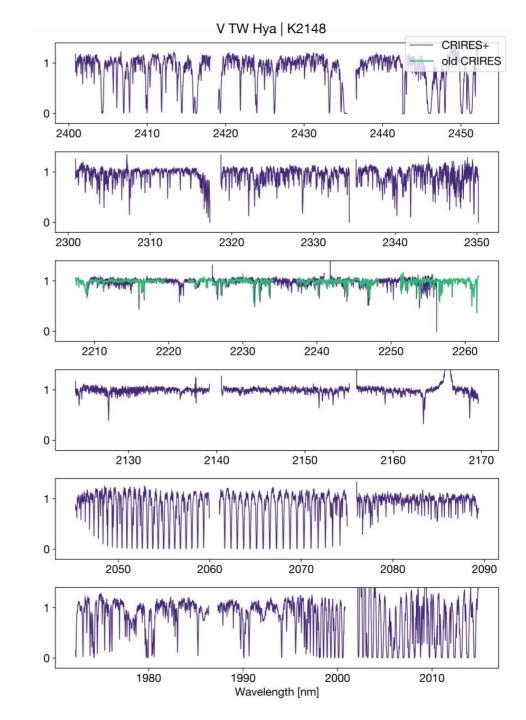
If you have a choice, choose the wavelength setting with the best blaze.

→ use the ETC

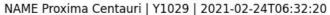


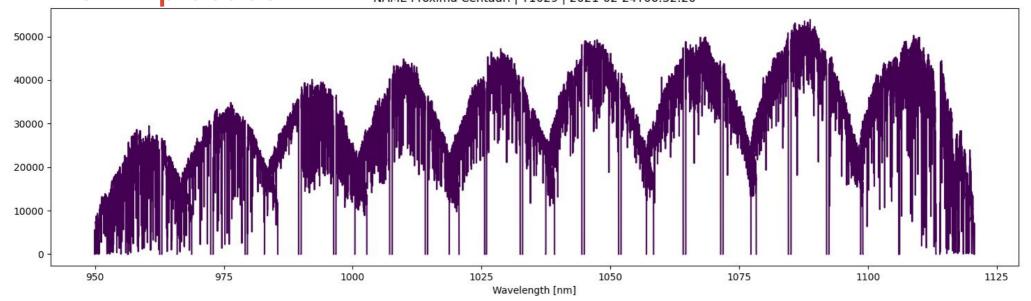


→ Quick comparison between oCRIRES and CRIRES+. TW Hya observed then and now



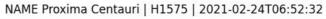


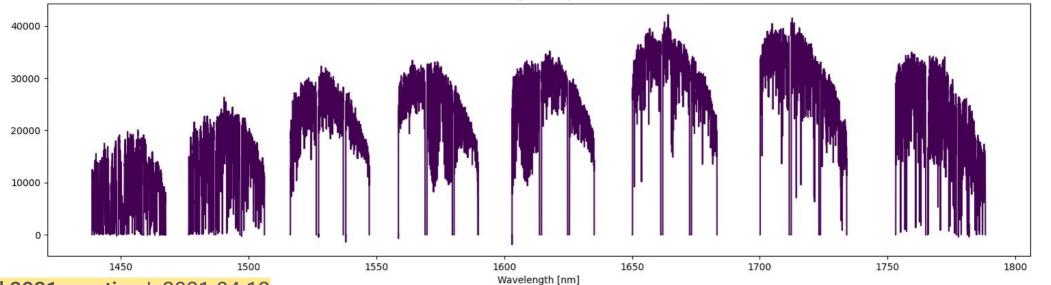




Y-band

EXPTIME: 480 s



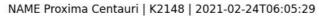


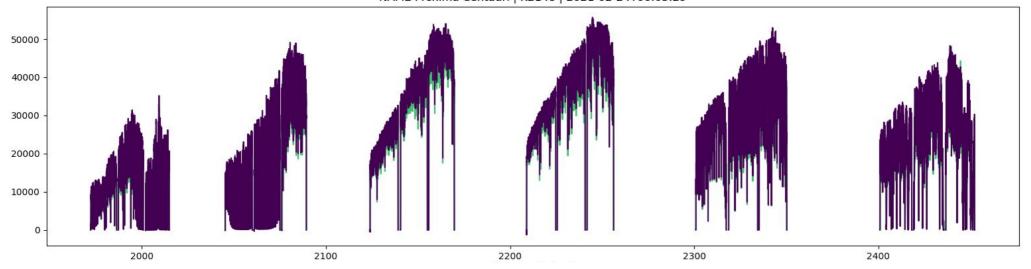
H-band

EXPTIME: 120 s

Bcool 2021 meeting | 2021-04-12

slide nº14

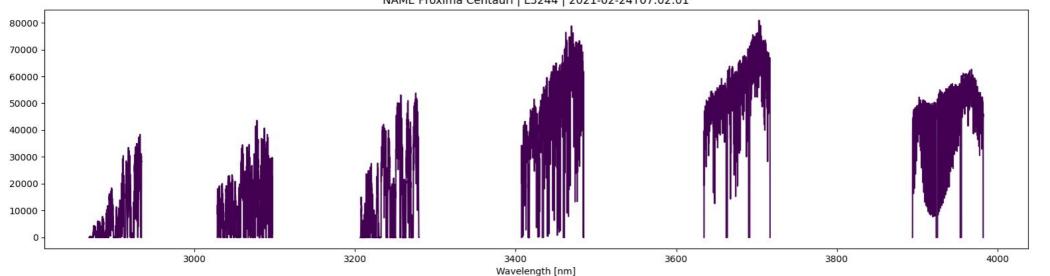




K-band

EXPTIME: 870 s





L-band

EXPTIME: 360 s

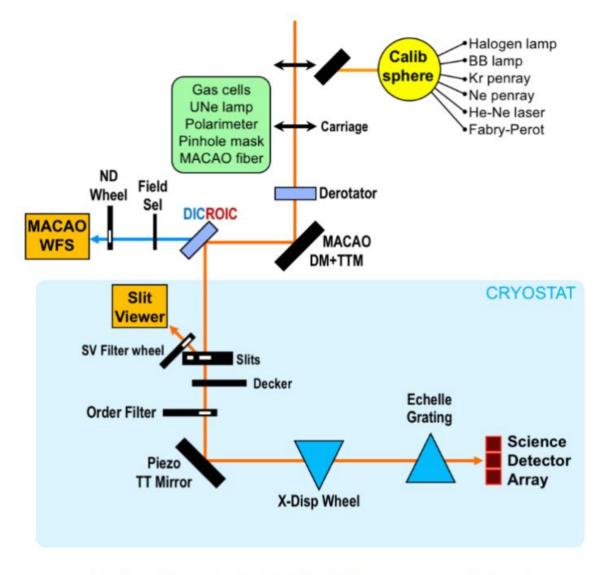
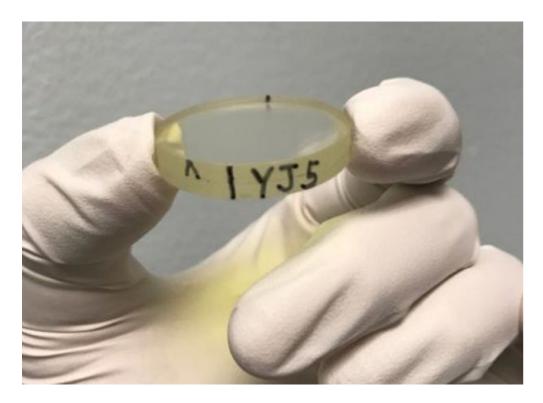
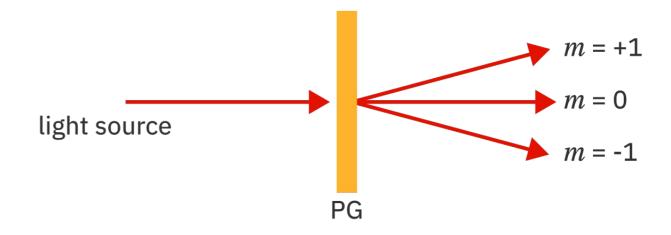


Figure 2: Light path sketch of the upgraded CRIRES.

Different design than NARVAL/ESPaDOnS/SPIRou: based on pairs of polarization gratings

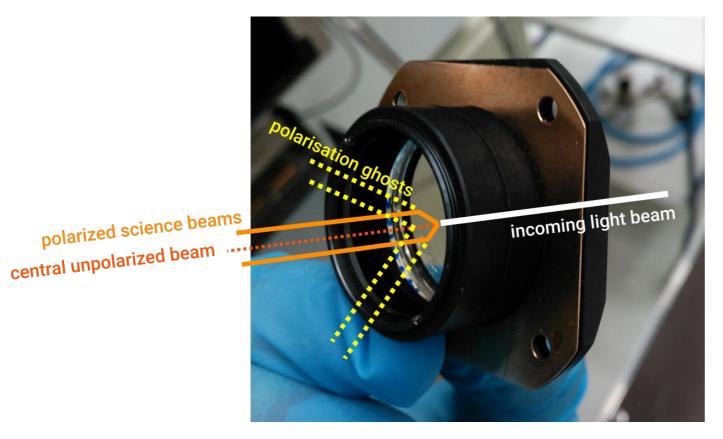


 \uparrow A single polarisation grating for YJ bands. From Piskunov et al. 2018



PGs are designed to:

- Let light through m=0 below cutoff wavelength
- Split light into $m=\pm 1$ above cutoff wavelength



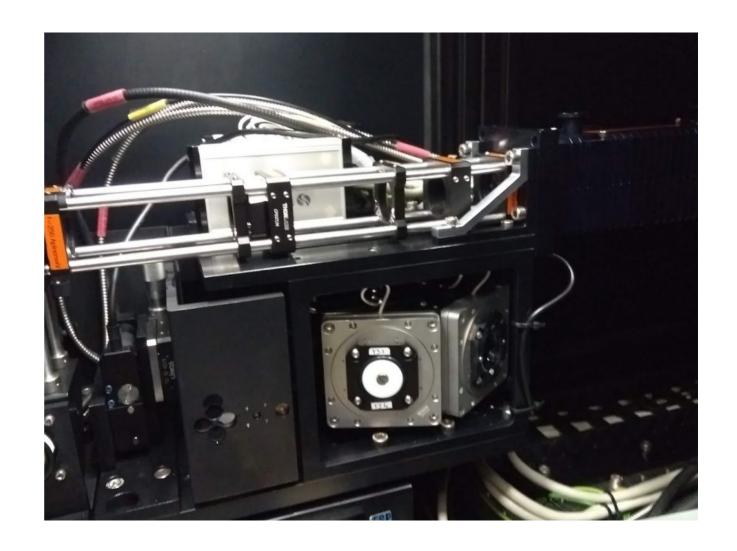
† Picture of a beam-splitter with schematic raytracing

4 beam-splitters in total:

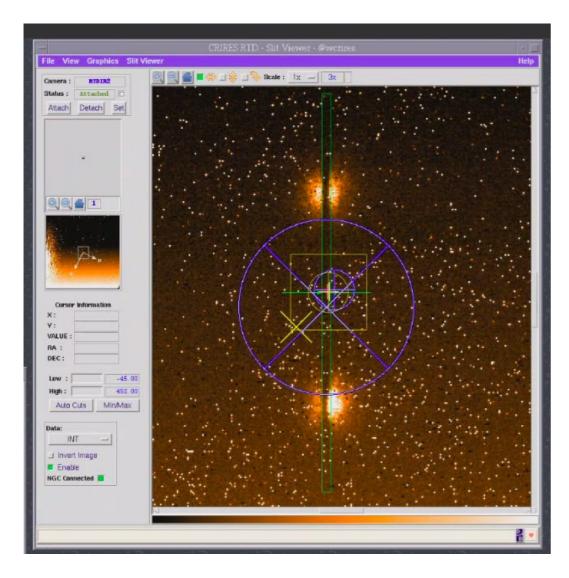
- YJ circular
- YJ linear
- HK circular
- HK linear

Beam splitter act on circular polarisation: for linear-polarisation, beam-splitters have an extra quarter wave plate.





↑ Spectropolarimetry unit with the 4 beam-splitters



← Sneaky spectropolarimetry test during the previous commissioning. These are the two polarized beams landing on the slit. Full spectropolarimetry commissioning happens in May 2021

Take away messages

- CRIRES+ will enable exciting new science
- Hi-res spectroscopy up to M-band / spectropolarimetry up to K-band
- RV precision should be ~ 5 m/s
- Already offered at P108 in limited mode offered in nominal mode in P109. Apply!
- Science verification should happen soon → call for proposal open to community. Apply!
- Start playing with the Exposure Time Calculator already now
- **Get in touch** if you have questions :-)
- Additional exciting project: <u>HiRISE</u> (PI: Vigan; coupling SPHERE with CRIRES+)